



# HumanEYEze 2024: Workshop on Eye Tracking for Multimodal Human-Centric Computing

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## Abstract

The HumanEYEze 2024 workshop aims to explore the role of eye tracking in developing human-centered multimodal AI systems. Over the past two decades, eye tracking has evolved from a diagnostic tool to an important input modality for real-time interactive systems, driven by advancements in hardware that have improved its affordability, availability, and performance. Initially used in specialized applications, eye tracking now significantly impacts research on gaze-based multimodal interaction. Recently, eye-based user and context modeling has emerged, utilizing eye movements to provide rich insights into user behavior and interaction contexts. The workshop aims to bring together researchers from eye tracking, multimodal human-computer interaction, and AI. It aims to enhance understanding of integrating eye tracking into multimodal human-centered computing. The expected outcomes include fostering collaborations and promoting knowledge exchange.

## CCS Concepts

• **Human-centered computing** → **User models; Human computer interaction (HCI)**; • **Computing methodologies** → *Artificial intelligence; Machine learning*;

## Keywords

Eye Tracking, Gaze, Multimodal Interaction, User Modeling, Human-centric Computing, Human-centered AI, Workshop

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## 1 Introduction

Over the last 20 years, eye tracking has evolved from being a diagnostic tool to a powerful input modality for real-time interactive systems. This was partly driven by advances in eye tracking hardware concerning the devices' affordability, availability, performance, and form factor. Eye tracking was first used in niche applications in the '80s and '90s and then gathered significant attention through research on gaze-based interaction and gaze-supported multimodal interaction [8, 12, 15]. In the last 10-15 years, a third very promising direction has emerged: eye-based user and context modeling, i.e., seeing the eyes as an additional modality that provides rich information about user (interactive) behavior and their (interaction) context [3, 6, 10, 13, 14]. The eyes reveal information about visual activities [7], personality [9], user intents and goals [4, 5], attention [2], expertise and other cognitive abilities [1, 11], and emotions [16], to name a few. With that, eye tracking bears great potential for developing human-centered multimodal AI systems. Gaze-based multimodal user models can be used to, e.g., generate direct feedback to steer the training of AI systems or trigger explicit feedback requests (or show model explanations) if the user seems to disagree with the output of an AI system. The goal of this workshop is to bring together researchers from eye tracking, multimodal human-computer interaction, and artificial intelligence. We will welcome contributions on the following topics:

- Methods and systems to analyze everyday eye movement behavior
- Real-time vs. post-hoc analysis and modeling
- Eye tracking in human-centered AI systems

- Adaptive gaze-based and gaze-supported multimodal user interfaces
- Eye-based user modeling with limited data
- Eye tracking for multimodal user modeling
- Eye-supported multimodal activity and context recognition
- Computer vision methods for gaze estimation and multimodal behavior analysis
- Gaze sensing systems - real-world benchmarks, requirements, techniques
- Privacy-preserving eye tracking
- Repositories and datasets
- Focused reviews and meta-analyses

## 2 Expected Outcome and Impact

Our goal is to establish a unique discussion platform for researchers in the field of eye tracking with a focus on eye tracking in multimodal human-centric interfaces and AI as an enabling technology. We aim to bring together researchers and practitioners from the fields of eye tracking, multimodal interaction, machine learning, human-computer interaction, psychology, and other related fields. This shall foster collaborations among researchers in the field and enable a knowledge exchange on the role of eye tracking in multimodal interaction and AI-based systems.

## 3 Workshop Contributions

We included four papers in the workshop proceedings. The topics include studying collaborative interaction behavior based on eye tracking in mixed-reality settings, predicting driving decisions using vision transformers and gaze, modeling when users disagree with the output of generated image captions, and investigating the impact of ambient illumination change on the accuracy of head-mounted eye trackers. The accepted papers include:

- *3D Gaze Tracking for Studying Collaborative Interactions in Mixed-Reality Environments* by Eduardo Davalos, Yike Zhang, Ashwin T S, Joyce Horn Fonteles, Umesh Timalsina, and Gautam Biswas.
- *Gaze-Informed Vision Transformers: Predicting Driving Decisions Under Uncertainty* by Sharath Koorathota, Nikolas Papadopoulos, Jia Li Ma, Shruti Kumar, Xiaoxiao Sun, Arunesh Mittal, Patrick Adelman, and Paul Sajda.
- *Detecting when Users Disagree with Generated Captions* by Omair Shahzad Bhatti, Harshinee Sriram, Abdulrahman Mohamed Selim, Cristina Conati, Michael Barz, and Daniel Sonntag.
- *Investigating the Impact of Illumination Change on the Accuracy of Head-Mounted Eye Trackers: A Protocol and Initial Results* by Mohammadhossein Salari and Roman Bednarik.

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